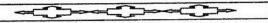


Paper	1	(Objective Type)	Inter (lst - A	- Exam - 2024)
Time	:	20 Minutes	Inter (Part - I)	(Group lst)
Marks	:	17 BWP-1	-yy Session (2022 -	24) & (2023 – 25)

Note: Four choices A, B, C,D to each question are given. Which choice is correct fill that circle in front of that Question No. on the Objective Bubble Sheet. Use Marker or Pen to fill the circles. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in Zero Mark in that Question.

Q.No.1	The main frontiers of fundamental Science are :				
(1)	(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4				
(2)	If $ \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} = \overline{A} \times \overline{B} $ then angle between vectors \overline{A} and \overline{B} is:				
	(A) 0 (B) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ (C) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (D) π				
(3)	The vector $\overline{A} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\hat{\mathbf{j}}$ is a :				
	(A) Null Vector (B) Unit Vector (C) Vector of magnitude $\sqrt{2}$ (D) Vector of magnitude $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$				
(4)	The sum of three numbers 2 . 7543 , 4 . 10 and 1 . 273 upto correct decimal place is : (A) 8 . 12 (B) 8 . 13 (C) 8 . 127 (D) 8 . 1273				
(5)	The Momentum and Kinetic Energy of a body having the same value at the speed of :				
(5)	(A) 8 ms ⁻¹ (B) 1 ms ⁻¹ (C) 4 ms ⁻¹ (D) 2 ms ⁻¹				
(6)	The relation for Moment of Inertia of the thin ring is:				
	2 (2) 1 2 (2) 2 2 2 2				
	(A) mr ² (B) $\frac{1}{2}$ mr ² (C) $\frac{2}{5}$ mr ² (D) $\frac{2}{3}$ mr ²				
(7)	Tidal Energy is due to Gravitational Pull of: (A) Moon (B) Sun (C) Earth (D) Mars				
(8)	Motion of Projectile is :				
	(A) One Dimensional (B) Two Dimensional (C) Three Dimensional (D) Four Dimensional				
(9)	The Unit of Rotational K.E is: (A) rad s (B) is (C) J (D) Kgm ²				
(10)	If the path difference between two waves is $\frac{\lambda}{2}$ then interference will be :				
(10)	(A) Constructive (B) Destructive (C) Beats (D) Both A and B				
(11)	Time Period of Simple Pendulum only depends on :				
(11)					
	(A) Mass (B) Length (C) Amplitude (D) Displacement				
(12)	Stoke 's Law hold for bodies when they have:				
	(A) Spherical Shape (B) Curved Shape (C) Rectangular Shape (D) Triangle Shape				
(13)	The maximum value of beat frequency is : (A) 10 Hz (B) 100 Hz (C) 20 Hz (D) 30 Hz				
(14)	When Ice melts, entropy: (A) Increases (B) Decreases (C) Constant (D) Zero				
(15)	Using the relation for Magnification Power M = $1 + \frac{d}{f}$ if f = 5 cm and d = 25 cm then M will be :				
	(A) 4 (B) 5 (C) 6 (D) 7				
(16)	The effective path difference between two x-ray beams reflected from a crystal plane is :				
	(A) d sin θ (B) $\frac{d}{2}$ sin θ (C) 2d sin θ (D) $\frac{2 \sin \theta}{d}$				
(17)	For the Isothermal Process, the first Law of Thermodynamics can be written as:				
	(A) $Q = \triangle U + W$ (B) $Q = \triangle U$ (C) $Q = -\triangle U$ (D) $Q = W$				





Note: It is compulsory to attempt any (8 – 8) Parts each from Q.No. 2, Q.No.3 and attempt any (6) Parts from Q.No.4. Attempt any (3) Questions from Part – II. Write the Same Question Number and its Part Number as given in the Question Paper

Make Diagram where necessary.			22 x 2 = 44
Q.No.2	(1)	The length and width of a rectangular plate are 15.3cm and 12.80cm. Find the area of the plate upto correct significant figures.	respectively.
		Give the drawbacks to use the period of a pendulum as a time standa	rd.
	(11)	Name several repetitive phenomenon occurring in nature which could	d serve as
	(111)	reasonable time standards.	
	(iv)	Why do we find it useful to have two units for the amount of substanthe Kilogram and the Mole?	
	(v)	If Force of magnitude 20N makes an angle of 30° with x – axis then fit y – component?	nd its
	(vi)	Can you add zero to a Null vector?	
	(vii)	Two vectors have unequal magnitudes . Can their sum be zero? Expla	in.
	(viii)	Define Impulse and show how it is related to Linear Momentum?	
	(ix)	At what point or points in its path does a projectile have its minimum maximum speed?	
	(x)	Does the man can jump high on the surface of moon as compare to e	earth &
	(xl)	An object has 1 J of Potential Energy . Explain what does it mean?	
	(xII)	What is meant by work done by a constant force?	
Q.No.3	(i)	Show that Orbital Angular Momentum Lo = mvr	
	(11)	When mud flies off the tyre of a moving bicycle, in what direction do Explain.	es it fly?
	(111)	What is meant by Moment of Inertia? Explain its significance.	
	(Iv)	What are directions of Angular Momentum and Angular Velocity?	
	(v)	Explain the term Viscosity.	
	(vi)	Explain how swing is produced in a fast moving Cricket Ball?	
	(vii)	Can we realize an Ideal Simple Pendulum?	
	(vIII)	Explain Damping with an example.	
	(lx)	For SHM , explain the equations : (a) $y = A \sin(\omega t + \varphi)$ (b) $a = -\alpha$	y ² x
	(x)	Explain how sound travel faster in warm air than in cold air ?	
	(xl)	Explain the terms Crest . Trough , Node and Antinode.	
	(xii)	Which Phenomenon is used to detect the motion of an aeroplane in	a radar?
Q.No.4	(1)	Why the Polaroid sun glasses are better than ordinary sun glasses?	
	(11)	Why y-rays cannot be diffracted by diffraction grating?	
	(111)	It is impossible to get phase Coherent beam of light from two separa	
	(iv)	A magnifying glass gives a five times enlarged image at a distance of the lens . Find the Focal Length of the Lens .	
	(v)	Why multimode graded index fiber is better for long distances than index Fiber?	
	(vI)	What are the conditions necessary for the total internal reflection to	take placer
	(vii)	Under what condition the efficiency of a Carnot Engine will be 100%	the
	(vIII)	atmosphere ? Explain.	
	(lx)	When 50 J of heat enter into a system and 20 J of work is done by What will be the change in internal energy of the system?	tne system

		(Part - II)	= 2
Q.No.5	(a)	What is Elastic Collision? In case of Elastic Collision of two bodies in one dimension, write their velocities after Collision.	(5)
	(b)	Find the Projection of vector $\vec{A} = 2\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ in the direction of the vector $\vec{B} = 3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 12\hat{k}$.	(3)
Q.No.6	(a)	What assumptions are made by Laplace to calculate speed of sound in air?	(5)
	(b)	to be Force discarted at an angle of 20°	(3)
Q.No.7	(a)	How would you analyse Moment of Inertia with mass distribution and orientation? Also derive its formula for a rigid body.	(5)
	(b)	What should be the length of a simple pendulum whose period is 1 . 0 second at a place where $g = 9 \cdot 8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$? What is the Frequency of such a Pendulum?	(3)
Q.No.8	(a)	What is Carnot Engine ? Explain its working and calculate its efficiency.	(5)
	(b)	Water flows through a hose, whose internal diameter is 1 cm at a speed of 1 ms^{-1} . What should be the diameter of the nozzle if the water is to emerge at 21 ms^{-1} .	(3)
Q.No.9	(a)	What is Simple Microscope ? Derive relation for its Magnifying Power.	(5)
	(b)	In a double slit experiment , the second order maximum occurs at θ = 0 . 25°. The Wavelength is 650nm . Determine the slit separation.	(3)