Answer Shee	t No.	PHYSICS		A	JK	-12-7	7	Roll No.
		PART – II		019/1 (OH		TVE PART)		
		(1	NTE	RMEDIATE)	((* * *)		
		_						
n. Dy. Supd	nt.	Fict	itious	Roll No. (For Offic	e Use)			Sign. Candidate
HYSICS	\$			019/1				
ART –II)			(INT	ERMEDIATE)				: 17
BJECTIV				(\$\$\$)	•		ime	: 20 Minutes
				ovided. Over writ juestions are to be			icau p	енси
Each o	esun i	ion has four p	ossit	le answers, Tic	k (V) the correct	ansv	ver. (17)
1				ave as an insulato			A COMM	
1	A	20 k	В	10 k	TcT	5 k	D	0 k
2				rier for Ge at roo	om ter	nnerature is:		
1-	A	0.7 V	В	0.6 V	C	0.5 V	D	0.3 V
3			1	half-wave rectif			1-1	
3	A	4	B	3	C	2	D	1
4	The	SI unit of Stefe	n's co					
	A	Wm^2K^{-4}	В	$Wm^{-2}K^4$	C	$Wm^{-2}K^{-4}$	D	Wm^2K^4
5	The		ton in	a beam of infrar		diation of wavel	ength	124nm is;
	A	4 eV	B	3 eV	C	2 eV	first	hohr arbit is:
6	The	Ionization	1 1	emove completely Excitation				(00)(00)
	A	energy	В	energy	C	Kinetic energy	P	Potential energy
7	The	dead time of th	e Geis	ger-Muller Count	ter is;		1 7	
	A	~10 ⁻⁷ s	B	~10 ⁻⁶ s	C	~10 ⁻⁵ s	D	~10 ⁻⁴ s
8	The		ature	of sun is about;				
	A	9000 °C	В	8000 °C	C	7000 °C	D	6000 °C
9	Elec	tric flux does n	ot dep	end upon;				
	A	Medium	В	Shape of closed surface		Charge enclosed	D	Medium and charge enclosed
10	Elec	tric field intens	ity du	e to an infinite sh	eet of	charge is;		
	A	$E = \frac{2\sigma}{\varepsilon_o}$	В	$E=2\sigma\varepsilon_o$	c	$E = \frac{\sigma}{2\varepsilon_o}$	D	$E = \frac{\varepsilon_o}{2\sigma}$
11	Hee		oss th	e conductor is giv	ven by			
11	-	IV	В	I²Rt	Tc	I ² Vt	D	V ² Rt
12	A	mula for e/m of	1					
12	FUI		1		T	V	T	V
	A	$\frac{2v}{2}$	В	$\frac{2v}{B^2r^2}$	C	$\frac{r}{B^2r^2}$	D	$\frac{\overline{Br}}{Br}$
		Br		ent, the distance b	otwas		anon	
13	1				C	1 m	D	0.5 m
—	A	3 m	В	2 m			12	
14	For	mula for energy	y dens	ity in case of ind			Th	Г
	A	B^2	B	$\frac{\mu_o}{2B^2}$	C	$\frac{B}{2\mu_o}$	D	$\frac{B}{2\mu_o^2}$
1		$\frac{2}{2\mu_o}$		2 <i>B</i> ²		$2\mu_o$		$2\mu_o$
15	A 4		verts	electrical energy	into r	nechanical ener	gy is	called;
13	-		-	D.C. generator		D.C. motor	D	
	A	A.C. generato						
16	Ro	ot mean square	_	of alternating vo	-		D	Arr2
	A	$\frac{V_o^2}{\sqrt{2}}$	В	$\frac{V_o}{\sqrt{2}}$	C	$\frac{V_o^2}{2}$	"	$\frac{3V_o^2}{\sqrt{2}}$
1.0				V2		1		1 1/2
	-			e condition for re		an in		

(The End)

 $X_L > X_C$

В

X_L>Z

D

 $X_L < X_C$

PHYSICS

019/1

AJK-12-19

PAPER : PART-II

INTERMEDIATE

MARKS: 68

TIME : 2:40 Hours

(SUBJECTIVE PART)

Note:- Attempt any TWENTY TWO (22) short questions in all selecting eight from Q. 2 and

Q. 3 each and six from Q. 4.

 $(22 \times 2 = 44)$

SECT	CION	T_I
OLC !		_

2-	Write short answers of any eight ques	stion	The same of the sa
1	Electric lines of force never cross. Why?	2	Suppose that you follow on electric field line due to a positive point charge. Do electric field and the potential increase or decrease?
3	Describe the working of inkjet printer briefly.	4	Define electric potential and one volt.
5	How can you use a magnetic field to separate isotopes of chemical element?	6	How can a current loop be used to determine the presence of a magnetic filed in a given region of space?
7	Define the sensitivity of galvanometer. How can a galvanometer be made more sensitive.	8	What is the Lorentz force? Write its equation.
9	Define mutual inductance. Write its formula.	10	Why self induced emf is also called as back emf?
11	Show that ε and $\frac{\Delta\phi}{\Delta t}$ have the same units.	12	A suspended magnet is oscillating freely in horizontal plane. The oscillations are strongly damped when a metal plate is placed under the magnet. Explain why this occurs.
J -	Write short answers of any eight ques	tion	The state of the s
1	A Potential difference is applied across the ends of a copper wire. What is the effect on the drift velocity of free electrons by i. Increasing the potential difference ii. Decreasing the length and the temperature of the wire.	2	What is Wheatstone bridge? How it can be used to determine an unknown resistance?
3	What is thermistor? Give an example of thermistor.	4	A sinusoidal current has rms value of 10A. What is the maximum or peak value?
5	Explain the conditions under which electromagnetic waves are produced from a source?	6	Define reactance of a capacitor. Also write down its formula.
7	Distinguish between crystalline and polymeric solids.	8	Define modulus of elasticity. Show that the units of modulus of elasticity and stress are the same.
9	Define yield point and ultimate tensile stress.	10	The anode of a diode is 0.2V positive with respect to its cathode. Is it forward biased?
11	What is the principle of virtual ground?	12	What is rectification? What are its types?
-	Write short answers of any six question	ons.	$(2 \times 6 = 12)$
1	As a solid is heated and begins to glow. Why does it first appear red?	2	Which has the lower energy quanta? Radio waves or x-rays. Explain
3	Define pair production and write its equation.	4	Is energy conserved when an atom emits a photon of light?
5	Define meta stable state and population inversion.	6	What factors make a fusion reaction difficult to achieve.
7	A particle which produces more ionization is less penetrating.	8	Write the names of basic forces of nature.
9	Define Nuclear fission and write its reaction.		

SECTION - II

Vot	te:-	Attempt any three questions. $(8 \times 3 =$	24)
5	a	Derive the expression for energy density stored in the electric field of the capacitor.	(05)
	b	How many electrons pass through an electric bulb in one minute if the 300 mA current is passing through it?	(03)
6	a	Derive and explain the relation for force on a current carring conductor in a uniform magnetic field.	(05)
	b	A pair of adjacent coils has a mutual inductance of 0.75 H. if the current in the primary coil changes from 0 to 10 A in 0.025s. What is the average induced emf in the secondary coil?	(03)
7	a	Discuss the A.C. through a R-C series circuit?	(05)
	b	In a certain circuit, the transistor has a collector current of 10 mA and a base current of 40 μ A. What is the current gain of the transistor?	(03)
8	а	Describe the formation of energy bands in solids. Explain the difference amongst electrical behavior of Conductors, Insulators and Semi-Conductors in terms of energy band theory.	(05)
	b	What is the de-Broglie wavelength of an electron whose kinetic energy is 120 eV?	(03)
9	а	Write down the postulates of Bohr's Model of the hydrogen atom and prove that Bohr's radii are quantized.	(05)
	ь	The half life of Sr is 9.70 hours. Find its decay constant.	(03)

(The End)