Roll No. :

١

11

2.4

~ J. V.

b

Objective

Paper Code

Intermediate Part First PHYSICS (Objective) GROUP - I



Time: 20 Minutes 6477 Q.No.1 You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you think is correct, fill the relevant circle in front of that question number on computerized answer sheet. Use marker or pen to fill the circles. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero marks in that question. Attempt as many questions as given in objective type question paper and leave other circles blank.

Marks: 17

	objective type question paper and leave other circle	A	B	C '	D
3.# 1	The dimension of pgh is similar as that of:	Power	Torque	Pressure	Force
2	The wavelength of wave produced by microwave oven is:	6cm	12cm	24cm	50cm
3	Speed of sound in air at S.T.P. is:	280 m/s	330 m/s	332 m/s	350 m/s
4	Half wavelength corresponds to:	0°	90°	180°	360°
5	Which cannot be polarized?	Sound waves	X-rays	Light waves	Radio waves
6	The first person who attempted to measure the speed of light was:	Newton	Galileo	Huygen	Michelson
	Boltzman constant "K" has the same unit as:	Pressure	Energy	Temperature	Entropy
8	If temperature of the sink decreases, then efficiency of Carnot engine:	Increases	Decreases	Remains the same	First increase then decrease
9	Which is not a base unit in SI units?	Ampere	Joule	Kilogram	Kelvin
10	If error in measurement of radius of circle is 2%, then permissible error in its area will be:	1%	. 2%	3%	4%
11	$A_{x} = A_{y}$, then angle between \vec{A} and x-axis is:	30°	45°	60°	90°
12		lst	2nd	3rd	4th
13		Mass	Energy	Force	Linear momentur
14	for	10°, 70°	20°, 50°	25°, 65°	30°, 70°
15	11 and of apergy?	Tides	Biomass	Waves	Oil
10		$\frac{1}{2}$ mv ²	$\frac{1}{4}$ mv ²	$\sqrt{\mathrm{gh}}$	$\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}}$ gh
1	If a body of mass 10kg is falling freely, its	Zero	10N	98N	980N

1111-XI124-52000

Intermediate Part First Roll No.	
PHYSICS (Subjective) GROUP - I	
Time: 02:40 Hours Marks: 68 FSD-1-34	
SECTION – I	
 Write short answers to any EIGHT parts. (i) Why do we find it useful to have two units for the amount of substance, the kilogram and the mole? (ii) Does a dimensional analysis give any information on constant of proportionality that may appear in an a expression? Explain. 	16 Igebraic
 (iii) Write the dimensions of (a) pressure (b) density. (iv) If percentage uncertainty in radius of sphere is 0.4%, then what will be total uncertainty in its volume? (v) Can a body rotate about its center of gravity under the action of its weight? 	
 (vii) Draw the diagram of two cases in which components of a vector are equal in magnitude. (viii) Explain the circumstances in which the velocity v and acceleration a of a car are (a) v is zero but a is (b) a is zero but v is not zero. 	not zero
 (ix) At what point or points in its path does a projectile have its minimum speed, its maximum speed? (x) Which quantities are assumed to be constant in projectile motion? (xi) What sort of energy is in (a) compressed spring (b) water in a high dam? (xii) A girl drops a cup from a certain height, which breaks into pieces. What energy changes are involved? 	
Write short answers to any EIGHT parts.	10
 (i) Explain how many minimum number of geostationary satellites are required for global coverage of TV trans (ii) Satellites orbiting at different altitudes have different time periods. Explain why? (iii) Why is it difficult for a car to turn round a corner at high speed than at lower speed? (iv) A 1000kg car moves with a speed of 40ms⁻¹ round a curve of radius 100m. Find the necessary centripe (v) Explain how the swing is produced in a fast moving cricket ball? (vi) What are systolic and diastolic pressures? Also give values. (vii) Under what conditions, does the addition of two simple harmonic motions produce a resultant, which is 	tal force.
 simple harmonic? (viii) What will be the frequency of a simple pendulum if its length is 1m at place where g = 9.8ms⁻²? (ix) Explain briefly the example of electrical resonance. (x) How beats are useful in tuning musical instruments? (xi) Differentiate between red shift and blue shift. 	
 (xii) How the frequency of a string of a musical instrument can be changed? Write short answers to any SIX parts. (i) Can visible light produce interference fringes? Explain. (ii) Why the polaroid sunglasses are better than ordinary sunglasses? 	· 1
 (iii) Differentiate between a ray and a wave front. (iv) Why would it be advantageous to use blue light with a compound microscope? (v) If a person was looking through a telescope at the full moon, how would the appearance of the moon by covering half of the objective lens? 	e change
 (vi) What are the necessary conditions for total internal reflection? (vii) Why specific heat at constant pressure is greater than specific heat at constant volume? (viii) Why does pressure of a gas in a car tyre increase when it is driven through some distance? (ix) Explain adiabatic process with two examples. 	
SECTION-II Attempt any THREE questions. Each question carries 08 marks. (a) Define cross product of two vectors. Give examples. Also write the characteristics of cross product (b) A football is thrown upward with an angle of 30° with respect to horizontal. To throw a 40m particular to the characteristic of	duct.
what must be initial speed of the ball?	
 (a) What is gravitational field? Show that work done in the earth gravitational filed is independent of path followed. 	
 (b)An organ pipe has a length of 50cm. Find the frequency of its fundamental note and the next has when it is open at both ends. 	
 (a) What is resonance phenomenon? Explain it with examples. (b) A gramophone records turntable accelerates from rest to an angular velocity of 45.0 rev min⁻¹ in What is its average angular acceleration? 	1.60s.
 8. (a) What is Carnot cycle? Calculate the efficiency of a Carnot engine during one Carnot cycle. (b) A water hose with an internal diameter of 20mm at the outlet discharges 30kg of water in 60 sec. Carnot engine the outlet Assume the density of water is 1000kgm⁻³ and its flow is steady. 	
9. (a) What do you know about diffraction grating? Also derive a relation which involves that image a supervised by a set of the set	01,05,
(b)An astronomical telescope having magnifying power of 5 consists of two thin lenses 24cm apart Find the focal lengths of the lenses.	
1111-XI124-52000	