			RWP-24				
**	Roll No	HSSC - (Part-II) A/2024 (For All Sessions)	Paper Code	8	1	8	6
Statis	tics (Objective)	Time: 20 Minutes Mark	s : 17				

Vote	:-	possible ansi	wers ar circle A	e given. Which, B,C or D in from	ch ansi	wer you co	nsider (provided. Four correct fill the er or ink on the
1.1	If Y	= 2 + 0.6X, the	en the va	lue of Y-interce	pt is :			
	(A)	. 2	(B)	Zero	(C)	0.6	(D)	2.6
2.	Reg	gression line alv	ways pas	sses through:				
	(A)	(X,Y)	(B)	(a,b)	(C)	(\bar{X},Y)	(D)	$(ar{X},ar{Y})$
3.	Per	fect positive co	rrelation	is signified by:				•
	(A)	-1	(B)	+1	(C)	0	(D)	<1
4.				said to be indep				
	(A)	$(AB) = \frac{(A)(B)}{N}$	(B)	$(AB) \neq \frac{(A)(B)}{N}$	(C)	$(AB) > \frac{(A)(B)}{N}$	(D)	$(AB) < \frac{(A)(B)}{N}$
5.	For	3×3 continge	ency table	e, the degree of				
	(A)	3	(B)	9	(C)	4	(D)	6
6.	Lon			e series data are				
	(A)	Seasonal var	iations		(B)	Cyclical var		
	(C)	Irregular vari	ations		(D)	Secular t	end	
7.	In s	emi average m		ata is divided int		_ parts.		
	(A)	4	(B)	2	(C)	3	(D)	5
8.	Whi	ch of the follow						
	(A)		(B)	Hard disk	(C)	Key board	(D)	Motherboard
9.	If Z			≤2) is equal to	The second second			
	(A)	0.8013	(B)	0.9944	(C)		(D)	0.8944
10.	The			s of a normal dis				
	(A)	Zero	(B)	Positive	(C)	Negative	(D)	3
11.		mal distribution		100 CH				
	(A)	1	(B)	2	(C)	3	(D)	4
12.				is the standard			(5)	P 11.7 12 1
	(A)	The same of the sa		Sample	(C)	Parameter	(D)	Sampling distribution of means
13.	The	finite population	n correc	tion factor is :				
	/A\	n.	(D)	N	(C)	N-1	(D)	$\sqrt{\frac{N-n}{N-1}}$
	(A)	\overline{N}	(B)	\overline{n}	(C)	$\overline{N-n}$	(D)	$\sqrt{N-1}$
4.	In sa	ampling without	replace	ment a sampling	a unit ca	an be selecte	d:	•
т.	(A)	Twice	Поріаво	mont a campan,	(B)		than one	
	(C)	Only onc	e		(D)		than one	
5.				unbiased estim				
0.	(A)	$E(T) = \theta$	(B)	$E(T) \neq \theta$	(C)	$E(T) > \theta$	(D)	$E(T) < \theta$
6.		rmula used to e	estimate	a parameter is	called:			
	(A)	Estimation	(B)	Estimator	(C)	Estimate	(D)	Bias
7.		ecting H_0 when	, ,					
	(A)	Standard error		Type-II error	(C)	Type-I error	(D)	No error
	, ,				641-12-A			



Time: 2:40 Hours

Statistics (Subjective)

RWP-24.

Marks: 68

(4)

Section - 1

2. W	rite short answer of any eight parts of the following:	(8x2=16)
(i)	In a normal distribution $\mu=50$ and $\sigma=2$. Find μ_2 . (ii) $P(\mu\pm2\sigma)=0.9545$. Prove it. (iii) If Z~N(0,1), then find more	edian.
(iv)	What is the relationship between binomial and normal distribution? (v) At what point normal distribution has maximum ordinate?	
(vi)	If n=64, $\sigma=8$, $\overline{x}=400$ and $Z_{1-\alpha/2}=1.96$. Find confidene interval for μ . (vii) Define interval estimation.	
(viii)	Explain two tailed test. (ix) What is degree of freedom? (x) Describe monitor.	
(xi)	Given $\sigma = 80$, $n=625$, $\mu = 350$ and $\overline{x} = 356$. Find Z. (xii) Explain programming.	
3.	Write short answer of any eight parts of the following:	(8x2=16)
(i)	Define Non-sampling Error. (ii) What is the difference between statistic and parameter?	
(iii)	Define probability sampling . (iv) If $\mu = 40$, $\sigma_{\vec{x}} = 2$, $n = 4$. Find σ .	
(v)	Given n=2, $\sigma^2_{\vec{x}}$ =2.5, $\mu_{\vec{x}}$ = 10. Find μ and σ if sampling is done with replacement. (vi) What is scatter diagram?	
(vii)	Define standard error of sample means. (viii) Write down any two properties of correlation coefficient.	
(ix)	What is the difference between regressor and regressand? (x) If $b_{yx} = -0.35$, $b_{xy} = -0.65$. find "r".	
(xi)	If we have n=12, $\sum xy = 89894$, $\sum x = 628$, $\sum y = 1684$, $\sum x^2 = 34416$. Compute the value of by x.	
(xii)	Given, $r_{yx} = 0.97$, $b_{yx} = 0.81$, $S_y = 14.34$. find " S_x ".	
4.	Write short answer of any six parts of the following:-	(6x2=12)
(i)	Define attribute. Give two examples of attribute from real life. (ii) Define Independence and Association.	
(iii)	Find (A) if (AB) = 30 and (A β) = 200. (iv) What are components of a time series?	
(v)	What are four phases of a business cycle? (vi) Define seasonal variation. Give its two examples.	
(vii)	Distinguish between signal and noise. (viii) Write two merits of moving average method.	
(ix)	Write normal equations of a second degree parabola $\hat{Y} = a + bX + cX^2$.	
	Section - II	
Note:	Answer any three questions from the following.	(8x3=24)
5. (a)	The scores made by candidates in a certain test are normally distributed with mean 500 and standard deviation 100. What percent of candidates received scores:	(4)
	(i) Between 400 and 600 (ii) Which differ from mean by more than 150	
(b)	A random variable X is normally distributed with mean = 40 and standard deviation = 4. Find the two points containing	40
. ,	the middle 98% area.	(4)
6. (a)	Taking all possible samples of size 2 with replacement from the population 1,3,5. Show that the population mean is equal	(4)
	to the mean of sample means i.e. $\mu_{\vec{X}} = \mu$	
(b)	There are five digits in a population 12,14,15,18,19. Draw all possible samples of size "3" without replacement and find	(4)
7 ()	sample proportion (\hat{p}) of even digits in each sample. Verify that $E(\hat{p}) = P$.	(4)
7. (a)	Find 95% confidence interval for a population mean from the given data:	(4)
4.5	n=16, $\sum X = 261.2$, $\sum (X - \overline{X})^2 = 13.22$	740
(b)	Two samples of size 400 and 300 having means 52 and 50 are drawn from same population of $\sigma = 3$. Test the	(4)
	hypothesis H_0 : $\mu_1 = \mu_2$ vs H_1 : $\mu_1 > \mu_2$. $Use \propto = 0.05$.	
8. (a)	From the information given below:	(4)
(b)	$\Sigma(X-\overline{X})$ $(Y-\overline{Y})=150$, $S_X^2=64$, $S_Y^2=260$, n=16. Compute two regression coefficients. Given the following data	(4)
(0)	$n=10, \Sigma X=120, \Sigma Y=250, \Sigma XY=3070.7, S_X=3.5, S_Y=7.2$. Find correlation coefficient.	1.1
9. (a)	An investigation into colour blindness and sex of a person gave the following results:	(4)
5. (6)	Colour Blindness	1.7
	Sex Colour Blind Not Colour Blind	
	Colour Billio 1101 Colour Billio	

Sex	Colour Blindness			
Sex	Colour Blind	Not Colour Blind		
Male	36	964		
Female	19	981		

Is there evidence at 5% level of significance of an association between sex of a person and whether or not they are colour blind?

(b) Fit a straight line Y = a + bx from the following results for the years 1988-1998 (both inclusive): $\sum x = 0$, $\sum x^2 = 110 \sum y = 438.9$, , $\sum xy = 84.4$. Also find trend values.

