	per Code	20	18 (A)	Roll No	
Nu	mber: 4181	INTERMEDIAT	TE PART-II (12t	h CLASS)	
STA	ATISTICS PAP	ER-II (NEW SC	HEME)	MTN-12	-18
TIM	TE ALLOWED: 20	Minutes	<b>OBJECTIVE</b>		MUM MARKS: 1
Cutt as gi BUB	ing or filling two or n ven in objective type BLES are not filled.	ices for each objective ircle in front of that qu nore circles will result question paper and les Do not solve question	lestion number. Us in zero mark in the eve others blank. N	se marker or pen at question. Attem No credit will be a	to fill the circles.  opt as many question  warded in case
Q.No					
(1)		tion, $P(-\infty < \times < +\infty)$			
2)	(A) 1	(B) 0	(C) -1		(D) -2
(2)		tion, $M.D(x)$ is equal to	0:-		
	(A) $.8989\sigma$	(B) $.7979 \sigma$	(C) .6969 c	7	(D) .5959σ
(3)	In a normal distribut	tion if mean = 50, then t	the value of Median	is:-	
	(A) 50	(B) 40	(C) 30		(D) 60
(4)	A sample is a part of	f the:-			
	(A) Sampling	(B) Population	n (C) Unit		(D) None of these
5)	Any value calculated from sample data is called:-				
	(A) Error	(B) μ	(C) Statisti	c I	(D) Bias
<b>(</b> )	The complete list of	all the sampling units a	re called:-		
	(A) Sampling frame	(B) Sample de	esign (C) Sample	d population	(D) Target population
7)	A point estimation is used to estimate the unknown true value of population:-				
	(A) Data	(B) Parameter		•	(D) Estimate
8)	The probability of type - II error is denoted by:-				
	(A) α	(B) β	(C) $1 - \beta$		(D) 1 – α
)	If $n < 30$ and $\sigma$ u	nknown we use:-			
	(A) F – test	(B) Z – test	(C) t - test		(D) Chi – square test
10)	The dependence of one variable upon other is called:-				
	(A) Regression	(B) Correlatio		ance	(D) None of these
1)	In regression equation	$\hat{y} = a + bx,  \sum (y)$	- ŷ) =		, ,
	(A) - 1	(B) 0	(C) 1	_	(D) 2
2)	The value of correlat	ion coefficient r lies			(2) 2
	(A) - 1 and 0	(B) $-1$ and $+$	1 (C) 0 and +	1	(D) - 2 and $+ 2$
13)	The two attributes ar	e independent if:-			(=) =
	(A) $Q = -1$	(B) $Q = 1$	(C) $Q = 2$		(D) $Q = 0$
(4)	Qualitative variable i	s also called:-	as as 457.00 Halls		. , ~
	(A) Frequency	(B) Attribute	(C) Class		(D) None of these
5)	Systematic componer	nt of variation in a time	1 1		(-)
	(A) Component	(B) Noise	(C) Signal	(	(D) Series
6)	Fire in a factory is an	example of:-			,
,	(A) Secular trend		ariation (C) Season	nal variation	(D) Irregular variation
17)	The number of instructions processed in one second is called:-				
	(A) Data	(B) Storage	(C) Accurac	ey (	(D) Speed
		48600		-	- / - P

2018 (A)

Roll No:

## INTERMEDIATE PART-II (12th CLASS)

#### STATISTICS - PAPER-II (NEW SCHEME)

TIME ALLOWED: 2.40 Hours

SUBJECIVE

MIN-12-18 MAXIMUM MARKS: 68

NOTE: - Write same question number and its part number in answer book, as given in the question paper.

### **SECTION-I**

#### 2. Attempt any eight parts.

 $8 \times 2 = 16$ 

- Define a Normal Distribution. (i)
- (ii) Enlist four properties of normal distribution.
- (iii) The value of variance in normal distribution is 16. Find the values of  $\mu_2$  and  $\mu_4$ .
- (iv) In a standard normal distribution find mode and Quartile Deviation.
- (v) In a normal distribution the mean is zero and variance is one. Write down its equation and find the value of maximum ordinate.
- Differentiate between Estimator and Estimate. (vi)
- (vii) Define Unbiasedness.
- (viii) Differentiate the terms level of significance and level of confidence.
- (ix) Explain the terms simple and composite hypothesis.
- (x) Define the term test of hypothesis.
- (xi) Write down the main categories of computers.
- (xii) What is Central Processing Unit?

## $8 \times 2 = 16$

#### 3. Attempt any eight parts.

- What are Random Digits? (i)
- (ii) What are the purposes of Sampling?
- (iii) Define Sampling Unit.
- (iv) What is Statistic?
- Given N = 310, n = 100,  $\sigma^2 = 3500$ , sampling is done without replacement, then find  $\sigma_{\bar{x}}$ . (v)
- (vi) Define Simple Random Sampling.
- (vii) Define Regression.
- (viii) What is meant by Scatter Diagram?
- (ix) In regression y on x, if a = 130, b = 3.956 then what is the estimate of y for x = 12.
- (x) Define Correlation.
- (xi) State any two properties of Correlation Coefficient.
- If  $b_{yx} = -0.49$  and  $b_{xy} = -1.07$  then find "r". (xii)

#### 4. Attempt any six parts.

 $6 \times 2 = 12$ 

- What is an Attribute? (i)
- (ii) Define Negative Association.
- (iii) When two attributes are said to be independent?
- (iv) Given n = 100, (A) = 40, find  $(\alpha)$ .
- (v) Given (A) = 364, (B) = 1024, (AB) = 256 and n = 1216. Show that attributes A and B. are not independent.
- (vi) What is meant by Analysis of Time Series?
- (vii) What are the different components of a time series?
- (viii) Define Irregular fluctuations.
- (ix) Write down Additive Model of Time Series.

# MTN-12-18

# **SECTION-II**

## NOTE: - Attempt any three questions.

 $3 \times 8 = 24$ 

5.(a) In a normal distribution 25 % of items are under 50 and 10 % are over 100. Find mean and standard deviation of the distribution.

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- (b) If  $X \sim N(60, 100)$ , find
- (i) a point that has 15 % area below it
- (ii) a point that has 28 % area above it

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6.(a) Draw all possible samples of size 2 with replacement from a population 2, 4 and 6. Show that  $\sigma_{\bar{x}}^2 = \frac{\sigma^2}{2}$ 

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(b) If the size of simple random sample is 49 and variance of sample means is 27. What must be the standard error of sample mean if n = 169.

4

7.(a) Obtained the best unbiased estimates of the population mean  $(\mu)$  and variance  $(\sigma^2)$  from which the following sample is drawn n = 8;  $\sum X = 120$ ;  $\sum (X - \overline{X})^2 = 302$ 

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(b) Test the null hypothesis  $\mu \ge 140$ , the mean weight of a sample of 36 people is 146 Lb. Using  $\sigma = 15$  Lb  $\alpha = 0.05$ 

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8.(a) Given that n = 5,  $\Sigma X = 15$ ,  $\Sigma Y = 25$ ,  $\Sigma (X - \overline{X})(Y - \overline{Y}) = 13$ ,  $\Sigma (X - \overline{X})^2 = 10$ ,  $\Sigma (Y - \overline{Y})^2 = 26$ . Find regression equation of X and Y.

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(b) For a set of 8 pairs of observation we have  $\overline{X} = 18$ ,  $\overline{Y} = 20$ ,  $S_x = S_y = 5$  and  $\Sigma(X - \overline{X})(Y - \overline{Y}) = 180$ . Find the value of correlation coefficient.

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- 9.(a) Find whether the data given below in each case are consistent:-
  - (i) n = 120, (A) = 82, (AB) = 90
- (ii) n = 1000, (AB) = 200,  $(A\beta) = 350$ ,  $(\alpha B) = 500$
- (b) The parabolic trend equation for the projects of a company is  $\hat{y} = 10.4 + 0.6x + 0.7x^2$ , with origin at 1980 and unit of measurement for x is one year. Shift the origin to 1975.

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