PAPER CODE – 8476 12th CLASS – 1st Annual 2023

PHYSICS GROUP: SECOND

DGK-12-2-23

TIME: 20 MINUTES

MARKS: 17

OBJECTIVE

NOTE: You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you think is correct, fill that circle in front of that question number. Use marker or pen to fill the circles. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero mark in that question.

	in that question.
QU	ESTION NO. 1
1	The slope of q-t graph at any instant of time gives
	(A) Charge (B) Voltage (C) Current (D) Frequency
2	Which one here is a ductile substance?
	(A) Copper (B) Glass (C) Stone (D) Steel
3	In p-type semiconductor, the majority charge carrier are
	(A) Photons (B) Holes (C) Protons (D) Electrons
4	In reverse biasing a p-n-junction ideal, offers a resistance
	(A) Zero (B) Higher (C) Infinite (D) Medium
5	All motions are
	(A) Absolute (B) Uniform (C) Variable (D) Relative
6	In 1905, the theory of relativity was proposed by
	(A) Maxwell (B) Michelson (C) Einstein (D) de Broglie
7	The radius of the 1st. Bohr orbit in hydrogen atom is
	(A) 8.8×10^{-12} cm (B) 0.53×10^{-10} cm (C) 9.1×10^{-31} cm (D) 1.6×10^{-31} cm
8	1 atomic mass unit (amu) is equal to
	(A) $1.66 \times 10^{-24} \text{ kg}$ (B) $1.66 \times 10^{-19} \text{ kg}$ (C) $1.66 \times 10^{-34} \text{ kg}$ (D) $1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
9	In nuclear radiations, the tracks of alpha-particles are
	(A) Thin (B) Continuous (C) Discontinuous (D) Eratic
10	The number of electrons in one coulomb charge is
	(A) 6.2×10^{-18} (B) 1.6×10^{-19} (C) 6.2×10^{-21} (D) 1.6×10^{-31}
11	The SI unit of relative permittivity of free space is
	(A) N/m (B) No units (C) Nm^2C^{-2} (D) $C^2N^1m^{-2}$
12	The graphical representation of ohm's law is
	(A) Hyperbola (B) Ellipse (C) Parabola (D) Straight line
13	Energy stored per unit volume inside a solenoid is called as
	(A) Energy density (B) Electric flux (C) Charge density (D) Current density
14	
	(A) Remains constant (B) Increases (C) Decreases (D) Increases than decreases
15	
	(A) Decreased (B) Constant (C) Vanished (D) Increased
16	An alternating current is converted into direct current by a
	(A) Rectifier (B) Motor (C) Generator (D) Transformer
17	
	(A) 90° (B) 120° (C) 270° (D) 360°



12th CLASS - 1st Annual 2023

PHYSICS GROUP: SECOND DGK-12-2-23 SECTION-I

TIME: 2 HRS 40 MINUTES

MARKS: 68

16 QUESTION NO. 2 Write short answers any Eight (8) of the following Is it true that Gauss's law states that the total number of field lines crossing a surface in outward direction is proportional to net positive charge enclosed with in surface? Describe the net force on a positive point charge when placed between parallel plates with opposite and equal ii Define capacitance. On what factors, does it depend for parallel plate capacitor? iii Why electric field lines are called lines of force? Write any one characteristic of these lines. Describe change in magnetic field inside a solenoid when number of turns are doubled without changing length. iv For what orientation of a flat loop in a magnetic field, is the electric flux (a) Maximum (b) Minimum? vi What is concept of synchronization in CRO to measure certain parameters of applied wave - form? vii Why digital multimeter is preferred over an ordinary Avo meter? If some accidently swallows an α – source and β – source, which would be more dangerous and why? viii ix What are isotopes? What do they have in common? X How many types of radioactive waste are there? Write each category. хi Define fission reaction. State any one nuclear reaction indicating fission of 92U235 xii 16 QUESTION NO. 3 Write short answers any Eight (8) of the following Do bends in a wire affect electrical resistance? What are the difficulties in testing whether the filament of a lighted blub obeys ohm's law2 ii Is the principle of energy conservation always applicable to electrical circuits? iii How does doubling the frequency affect the reactance of (a) an inductor (b) a capacitor iv In a R-L circuit, will the current lag or lead the voltage? Shows its diagram. Why does capacitor not conduct D.C current? vi Which materials obey Hook's law and which do not? vii Differentiate between ductile and brittle substances. viii Why soft iron is better in the construction of transformer? ix What is the net charge on a n-type and p-type substance. Justify your answer with reason. X Why base current in a transistor is very small? xi Why does depletion region in diode increases in case of its reverse biasing? xii 12 QUESTION NO. 4 Write short answers any Six (6) of the following Can a D.C motor be turned into D.C generator? What changes are required to be done? When an electric motor, such as and electric drill is being used. Does it also act as a generator? If so what ii is the consequences of this? What happens to total radiation from a blackbody if its absolute temperature is doubled? iii Which has lower energy quanta? Radio-waves or X-rays? Explain why Laser action could not occur without population inversion between atomic level? iv What do you mean by root mean square value (rms) of current and write formula. vi What is Stefan's Boltzmann law ? Give the value of Stefan constant. vii Define Compton effect. Express Compton shift for scattering angle θ . viii Distinguish between spontaneous and stimulated emission. ix SECTION-II $8 \times 3 = 24$ Attempt any Three questions from this section Note: What is capacitor? Derived an expression energy stored in a capacitor and also calculate the Q.5.(A) 5 energy stored in the electric field? A charge of 90 C passes through a wire in 1 hour and 15 minutes what is current in the wire? 3 5 What is A.C generator? Give its construction and describe its working. Q.6.(A) A coil of 0.1m x 0.1m and of 200 turns carrying a current of 1.0 mA is placed in uniform magnetic 3 field of 0.1T. Calculate the maximum torque that acts on the coil. 5 Describe series resonant circuit. Find formula for resonance frequency and write its properties. The current flowing into the base of a transistor is 100 μ A. Find its collector current I_C , its emitter Q.7.(A) **(B)** current I_E and the ratio I_C / I_E , if the value of current gain β is 100. 5 What is de-Broglie hypothesis? Give an experiment of its proof. The length of steel wire is 1.0 m and its cross – sectional area is 0.03 x 10⁴ m². Calculate the work Q.8.(A) done in stretching the wire when force of 100N is applied within the elastic region. Young's modulus **(B)** 3 of steel is 3.0 x 10¹¹Nm⁻² 5 How X-rays are produced? Explain bremsstrahlung. Write two uses of X-rays. If $^{233}_{92}$ U decays twice by α -emission. What is the resultant isotope ? Explain with nuclear reaction. Q.9.(A) 3 120 - (Sub) - 1st Annual 2023