

**CHEMISTRY**

218-(INTER PART – II)

Time Allowed : 20 Minutes

Q.PAPER – II ( Objective Type )

GROUP – I

Maximum Marks : 17

**PAPER CODE = 8483**

Note : Four possible answers A, B, C and D to each question are given. The choice which you think is correct, fill that circle in front of that question with Marker or Pen ink in the answer-book. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero mark in that question.

1-1	The anhydride of $HClO_4$ is : (A) $ClO_3$ (B) $ClO_2$ (C) $Cl_2O_5$ (D) $Cl_2O_7$
2	During nitration of benzene, the active nitrating agent is : (A) $NO_3$ (B) $NO_2^+$ (C) $NO_2^-$ (D) $HNO_3$
3	Which one of these polymers is a synthetic polymer : (A) Animal fat (B) Starch (C) Cellulose (D) Polyester
4	The main pollutant of leather tanneries in the waste water is due to the salts of : (A) Lead (B) Chromium (VI) (C) Copper (D) Chromium (III)
5	Keeping in view the size of atoms, which order is the correct one : (A) $Mg > Sr$ (B) $Ba > Mg$ (C) $Lu > Ce$ (D) $Cl > I$
6	Formalin is : (A) 10% solution of formaldehyde in water (B) 20% solution of formaldehyde in water (C) 40% solution of formaldehyde in water (D) 60% solution of formaldehyde in water
7	Tincal is a mineral of : (A) Al (B) B (C) Si (D) C
8	Which enzyme is not involved in fermentation of starch : (A) Diastase (B) Zymase (C) Urease (D) Maltase
9	Peroxyacetylnitrate (PAN) is an irritant to human beings and it affects : (A) Eyes (B) Ears (C) Stomach (D) Nose
10	Which set of hybrid orbitals has planer triangular shape : (A) $dsp^2$ (B) $sp^3$ (C) $sp^2$ (D) $sp$
11	Which one of the following is not an alkali metal : (A) Fr (B) Cs (C) Rb (D) Ra
12	Preparation of vegetable ghee involves : (A) Halogenation (B) Hydrogenation (C) Hydroxylation (D) Dehydrogenation
13	Co-ordination number of pt in $[ptCl(NO_2)(NH_3)_4]$ is : (A) 2 (B) 4 (C) 1 (D) 6
14	For which mechanism, the first step involved is the same : (A) $E_1$ and $E_2$ (B) $E_2$ and $S_N2$ (C) $S_N1$ and $E_2$ (D) $E_1$ and $S_N1$
15	Which catalyst is used in contact process for preparing $H_2SO_4$ : (A) $Fe_2O_3$ (B) $V_2O_5$ (C) $SO_3$ (D) $Ag_2O$
16	Which of the following is not a fatty acid : (A) Propanoic acid (B) Acetic acid (C) Phthalic acid (D) Butanoic acid
17	Micro-nutrients are required in quantity ranging from : (A) 4 – 40 g (B) 6 – 200 g (C) 6 – 200 kg (D) 4 – 40 kg

Roll No LHR-G1-12-18 ( To be filled in by the candidate)

(Academic Sessions 2015 – 2017 & 2016 – 2018 )

**CHEMISTRY**

218-(INTER PART – II)

Time Allowed : 2.40 hours

PAPER – II ( Essay Type )

GROUP – I

Maximum Marks : 68

**SECTION – I**

**2. Write short answers to any EIGHT (8) questions :**

**16**

- (i) Why diamond is a non-conductor and graphite is fairly a good conductor?
- (ii) The hydration energy of the ions are in the order, justify it :  $Al^{+3} > Mg^{+2} > Na^{+1}$
- (iii) Why lime water turns milky with  $CO_2$  but becomes <sup>clear</sup> with excess of  $CO_2$ .
- (iv) Give any four uses of "Al".
- (v) What happens when ortho boric acid reacts with : (i) NaOH (ii) Ethyl alcohol
- (vi) What is vitreous silica, give its two uses?
- (vii)  $NO_2$  is a strong oxidizing agent, prove with the help of two reactions.
- (viii) Give two reactions of  $H_2SO_4$  which show its oxidizing behaviour.
- (ix) Give four dissimilarities of oxygen and sulphur.
- (x) What is BOD?
- (xi) What is the role of chlorofluorocarbons in destroying ozone?
- (xii) Explain cis-trans isomerism, give one example.

**3. Write short answers to any EIGHT (8) questions :**

**16**

- (i) Define ligand with an example.
- (ii) What is the percentage (%) of carbon in different types of steel?
- (iii) Why alkanes are less reactive organic compounds?
- (iv) Convert : (a) Acetylene  $\rightarrow$  Benzene (b) Vinyl acetylene  $\rightarrow$  Chloroprene
- (v) What is meant by nitration of benzene? Write its reaction.
- (vi) What do you mean by leaving group? Give an example.
- (vii) What is denaturing of alcohol?
- (viii) How Lucas test is used to distinguish between primary, secondary and tertiary alcohol?
- (ix) Write any four uses of acetaldehyde.
- (x) How iodoform test can be used to distinguish methyl ketones from other ketones?
- (xi) What is the difference between essential and non-essential amino acids?
- (xii) How acetic acid reacts with : (a)  $PCl_3$  (b)  $SOCl_2$

**4. Write short answers to any SIX (6) questions :**

**12**

- (i) What is denaturation of proteins?
- (ii) What are thermosetting polymers?
- (iii) What is acid number?
- (iv) What is clinker formation?
- (v) Name two woody and two non-woody raw materials.
- (vi) Give significance of potash fertilizer.

(Turn Over)



(2)

- (vii) Write down the reactions of chlorine with cold and hot NaOH.
- (viii) Write two uses of each helium and argon.
- (ix) Why iodine has metallic luster?

LHR-91-12-18

## SECTION – II

**Instruction :** Attempt any THREE questions.

- (a) How do you justify the position of hydrogen at the top of IA and VIIA groups of periodic table?
- (b) Describe the manufacturing of Na metal by Down's cell, give advantages of this process.
- (a) Explain the following properties of transition elements :
  - (i) Colour
  - (ii) Chelate formation.
- (b) Explain the process of incineration of industrial waste.
- (a) Define cracking and give its types.
- (b) Write down the classification of aromatic hydrocarbons giving one example each.
- (a) How is ethane prepared by Kolbe's electrolytic method? Write its mechanism.
- (b) Write two methods of preparation of phenol.
- (a) Give the four points of difference between  $S_N1$  and  $S_N2$  reactions.
- (b) What type of aldehydes give Cannizzaro's reaction? Give its mechanism.