	LHQ-C1-12-18 (To be filled in by the candidate)
Roll No.	(To be filled in by the candidate)
BIOLO	GY (Academic Sessions 2015 – 2017 & 2016 – 2018)  Time Allowed: 20 Minutes
	GY 218-(INTER PART – II) Time Allowed: 20 Minutes ER – II (Objective Type) GROUP – I Maximum Marks: 17
(	PAPER CODE = 8467
lote : I	Four possible answers A, B, C and D to each question are given. The choice which you think is correct,
1	fill that circle in front of that question with Marker or Pen ink in the answer-book. Cutting or filling
	two or more circles will result in zero mark in that question.
1-1	How many types of finches did Darwin collect on Galapagos Island:
	(A) 13 types (B) 20 types (C) 25 types (D) 30 types
2	Which of the following chromosomal abnormalities lead to tallness, aggressiveness, mental
	defect and anti social behaviour:
	(A) XXY (B) XO (C) XXXY (D) XYY
3	Which of the following receptors produce the sensation of pain:
	(A) Nociceptors (B) Chemoreceptors
	(C) Pacinian corpuscles (D) Mechanoreceptors
4	A gene with multiple phenotypic effect is called:
5	(A) Polygenic (B) Multiple allele (C) Epistatic (D) Pleiotropic
3	Which of the following polymerase synthesize tRNA:
	(A) RNA polymerase – I (B) RNA polymerase – II
	(C) RNA polymerase – III (D) DNA polymerase
6	Animals excreting urea are called:
	(A) Ureotelic (B) Ammonotelic (C) Treotelic (D) Excretotelic
7	The increase of environmental temperature due to high amount of CO <sub>2</sub> is known as:
	(A) Global warming (B) Acid rains (C) Ozone depletion (D) Stone cancer
8	In spermatophytes, important step in land adaptation is the evolution of:
9	(A) Seed coat (B) Pollen tube (C) Fruit (D) Flower
9	Meiosis occurs only in:
	(A) Haploid cells (B) Diploid cells (C) Triploid cells (D) Pentaploid cells
10	Bats and humming birds are called:
i.	(A) Ectotherms (B) Endotherms (C) Heterotherms (D) Mesotherms
11	The death of the cell due to tissue damage is called:
	(A) Vecrosis (B) Phagocytosis (C) Metastasis (D) Apoptosis
12	In plants, turgor pressure is generated by high osmotic pressure of the :
13	(A) Vacuole (B) Cytoplasm (C) Tonoplast (D) Cell membrane
13	An association between organisms of different species in which one partner gets benefit and other is harmed:
1.4	(A) Mutualism (B) Symbiosis (C) Parasitism (D) Commensalism
14	A collection of bacterial and phage viruses clones containing a particular segment of DNA from the source cell is called:
	(A) Recombinant DNA (B) Expressing system
	(C) Genomic library (D) Genome
15	The arctic tundra stretches across Northern North America, Northern Europe and:
	(A) Cyprus (B) Siberia (C) Morocco (D) Nepal
16	Soyabean is an example of, plants:
17	(A) Short day (B) Long day (C) Day neutral (D) Day independent In plants movement in response to stimulus of touch is called:
1,	
	(A) Phototactic (B) Chemotactic (C) Nyctinasty (D) Thigmotronism

	Roll N		(То	be filled in by the candidate)	
,	otor	. (Acade	emic Sessions 2015 - 2017 & 20	16 – 2018)	
BIOLOGY PAPER – II ( Essay Type )			218-(INTER PART – II) GROUP – I	Fime Allowed: 2.40 hou Maximum Marks: 68	urs
			SECTION - I		
2	. W	rite short answers to a	any EIGHT (8) questions:	LHR-G1-12-18	10
	(i)			Dire 41	
	(ii)	What are xerophytes	? Give two adaptations of xerop.	hytes.	
		) Draw and label the u	rea cycle.	***	
	(iv)	What is the difference	e between tetanus and muscle tet	any?	
	(v)	Differentiate the com	pact bone and spongy bone. Gi	ve only two differences.	
	(VI)	Differentiate the inte	ormones which are involved in ep	inasty and hyponasty.	
	(viii)		rnal and external fertilizations.		
			ne? Give its one character:	*	
		What are alpine and l			
	(xi)	이 그리면 11년 12년 학생 경기에 따라 다 하나 있다면 이 경기에 되었다.			
;	(xii)	What is wild life?			
3			ny EIGHT (8) questions:		16
	(i)		al applications of Gibberellins.	Colu	
	(ii)		reflex action and reflex arc.		
	(iii)	Define feed back med			
	(iv)	0 0			
	(v)		ow it differs from dominance?		
	(vi)		ed trait? Give an example.		
	(vii)	Define genomic libra	nzymes? Give an example.		
	(ix)	What are two goals of	f human genome project?		
	(x)	Define biosphere and	ecosystem		
	(xi)		primary and secondary succession	on	
			ns. Give one example.		
4.	Wr	rite short answers to a	ny SIX (6) guestions :		12
	(i)		primary and secondary growth.		12
	(ii)	Define growth correla			
	(iii)	Differentiate between	heterochromatin and euchromati	in.	
		What is central dogma			
		What are mutagens?			
	(vi)		atus? Give its function.		
		Write symptoms of D			
	(ix)		ans? Give one example. endangered and threatened speci		
	(111)	Differentiate between		es.	
<b>.</b>			SECTION - II		
	ote :	Attempt any THREE			
5.		Describe in detail excr			4
	(b)	Discuss the flow of en	ergy in food chain of an ecosyste	em.	4
6.	(a)	Discuss arrangement of	of vertebrae in vertebral column.	Also describe rib cage.	4
	(b)	Explain the process of	DNA replication with the help of	f a diagram.	4
7.		Discuss peripheral ner			
		Describe deforestation			4
O					
8.	. /	Write a note on birth.	d amount and		4
	(0)	Explain the ABO bloo	a group system.		4
9.			non of growth correlation.		4
	(b)	How comparative emb	ryology support the process of e		4
				192-218-I-(Essay Type)-22000	